

25 March 2014 EMA/HMPC/680618/2013 Committee on Herbal Medicinal Products (HMPC)

# Community herbal monograph on *Eleutherococcus* senticosus (Rupr. et Maxim.) Maxim., radix

#### Final

Initial assessment	
Discussion in Working Party on Community monographs and Community	October 2006
list (MLWP)	March 2007
	May 2007
	July 2007
Adoption by Committee on Herbal Medicinal Products (HMPC) for release for consultation	5 July 2007
End of consultation (deadline for comments)	15 October 2007
Rediscussion in Working Party on Community monographs and	January 2008
Community list (MLWP)	May 2008
Adoption by Committee on Herbal Medicinal Products (HMPC)	
Monograph (EMEA/HMPC/244569/2006)	
AR (EMEA/HMPC/232403/2006)	
List of references (EMEA/HMPC/249428/2007)	8 May 2008
Overview of comments received during the public consultation	
(EMEA/HMPC/591758/2007)	
HMPC Opinion (EMEA/HMPC/590998/2007)	
First systematic review	
Discussion in Working Party on Community monographs and Community	November 2013
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Adoption by Committee on Herbal Medicinal Products (HMPC)	25 March 2014

Keywords	Herbal medicinal products; HMPC; Community herbal monographs; traditional
	use; Eleutherococcus senticosus (Rupr. et Maxim.) Maxim.; Eleutherococci
	radix; eleutherococcus root



BG (bălgarski): Елеутерокок, корен CS (čeština): Eleuterokokový kořen

DA (dansk): Russisk rod DE (Deutsch): Taigawurzel

EL (elliniká): Ρίζα Ελευθεροκόκκου EN (English): Eleutherococcus root ES (espanol): Eleuterococo, raíz de ET (eesti keel): eleuterokokijuur

FI (suomi): Venäjänjuuri

FR (français): Eleuthérocoque (racine d') (racine de

ginseng sibérien)

HR (hrvatska): Korijen sibirskog ginsenga HU (magyar): Szibériai ginszeng gyökér (tajga

gyökér)

IT (italiano): Eleuterococco radice

LT (lietuvių kalba): Eleuterokokų šaknys LV (latviešu valoda): Eleiterokoka sakne MT (malti): Għerq ta' l-elewterokokku

NL (nederlands): Siberische/Russische Ginseng

PL (polski): Korzeń eleuterokoka PT (português): Eleuterococo

RO (română): Rădăcină de ginseng siberian

SK (slovenčina): Koreň eleuterokoka SL (slovenščina): korenina elevterokoka

SV (svenska): Rysk rot

IS (íslenska): Síberíu ginseng, rót

NO (norsk): Russisk rot

# Community herbal monograph on *Eleutherococcus senticosus* (Rupr. et Maxim.) Maxim., radix

### 1. Name of the medicinal product

To be specified for the individual finished product.

# 2. Qualitative and quantitative composition 1, 2

Well-established use	Traditional use
	With regard to the registration application of Article 16d(1) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended
	Eleutherococcus senticosus (Rupr. et Maxim.) Maxim., radix (Eleutherococcus root)
	i) Herbal substance
	Not applicable.
	ii) Herbal preparations
	a) Comminuted herbal substance
	b) Powdered herbal substance
	c) Liquid extract (DER 1:1, extraction solvent ethanol 30-40% v/v)
	d) Dry extract (DER 13-25:1, extraction solvent ethanol 28-40% v/v)
	e) Dry extract (DER 17-30:1, extraction solvent ethanol 70% v/v)
	f) Dry aqueous extract (DER 15-17:1)
	g) Tincture (ratio of herbal substance to extraction solvent 1:5, extraction solvent ethanol 40% v/v)
	h) Liquid extract (DER 1:11), extraction solvent sweet wine
	i) Liquid extract (DER 1:20), extraction solvent sweet wine

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The declaration of the active substance(s) for an individual finished product should be in accordance with relevant herbal quality guidance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The material complies with the Ph.Eur. monograph (ref: 01/2008:1419)

#### 3. Pharmaceutical form

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Comminuted herbal substance as herbal tea for oral use.
	Herbal preparations in liquid or solid dosage forms for oral use.
	The pharmaceutical form should be described by the European Pharmacopoeia full standard term.

# 4. Clinical particulars

#### 4.1. Therapeutic indications

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Traditional herbal medicinal product for symptoms of asthenia such as fatigue and weakness.
	The product is a traditional herbal medicinal product for use in the specified indication exclusively based upon long-standing use.

### 4.2. Posology and method of administration<sup>3</sup>

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Posology
	Adolescents, Adults and elderly
	Daily dose
	a) Herbal tea: 0.5-4 g of the comminuted herbal substance in 150 ml of boiling water as herbal infusion (divided in one to three doses)
	b) Powdered herbal substance: 0.75-3 g
	c) Liquid extract (DER 1:1, extraction solvent ethanol 30-40% v/v): 2-3 ml
	d) Dry extract (DER 13-25:1, extraction solvent ethanol 28-40% v/v): doses corresponding to 0.5-4 g dried root
	e) Dry extract (DER 17-30:1, extraction solvent ethanol 70% v/v): doses corresponding to

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  For guidance on herbal substance/herbal preparation administered as herbal tea or as infusion/decoction/macerate preparation, please refer to the HMPC 'Glossary on herbal teas' (EMA/HMPC/5829/2010 Rev.1).

Well-established use	Traditional use
	0.5-4 g dried root f) Dry aqueous extract: 90-180 mg
	g) Tincture: 10-15 ml
	h) Liquid extract (DER 1:11.3), extraction solvent sweet wine: 30 ml
	i) Liquid extract (DER 1:20), extraction solvent sweet wine: 25-33 g
	The daily dose may be taken in one to three doses.
	The use in children under 12 years of age is not recommended (see section 4.4 'Special warnings and precautions for use').
	Duration of use
	Not to be taken for more than 2 months.
	If the symptoms persist longer than 2 weeks during the use of the medicinal product, a doctor or a qualified health care practitioner should be consulted.
	Method of administration
	Oral use.

#### 4.3. Contraindications

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Hypersensitivity to the active substance(s).

# 4.4. Special warnings and precautions for use

Well-established use	Traditional use
	The use in children under 12 years of age has not been established due to lack of adequate data.
	If the symptoms worsen during the use of the medicinal product, a doctor or a qualified health care practitioner should be consulted.
	For tinctures and extracts containing ethanol, the appropriate labelling for ethanol, taken from the 'Guideline on excipients in the label and package
	leaflet of medicinal products for human use', must

Well-established use	Traditional use
	be included.

# 4.5. Interactions with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

Well-established use	Traditional use
	None reported.

#### 4.6. Fertility, pregnancy and lactation

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Safety during pregnancy and lactation has not been established. In the absence of sufficient data, the use during pregnancy and lactation is not recommended.  No fertility data available.

#### 4.7. Effects on ability to drive and use machines

Well-established use	Traditional use
	No studies on the effect on the ability to drive and use machines have been performed.

#### 4.8. Undesirable effects

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Insomnia, irritability, tachycardia and headaches may occur. The frequency is not known.
	If other adverse reactions not mentioned above occur, a doctor or a qualified health care practitioner should be consulted.

#### 4.9. Overdose

Well-established use	Traditional use
	No case of overdose has been reported.

# 5. Pharmacological properties

#### 5.1. Pharmacodynamic properties

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Not required as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of
	Directive 2001/83/EC as amended.

### 5.2. Pharmacokinetic properties

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Not required as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended.

#### 5.3. Preclinical safety data

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Not required as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended, unless necessary for the safe use of the product.
	Adequate tests on reproductive toxicity and carcinogenicity have not been performed.
	In vitro experiments, using the Salmonella typhimurium strains TA 100 and TA 98 assay and the micronucleus test in mice, did not reveal any mutagenic potential of aqueous and ethanolic extracts.

## 6. Pharmaceutical particulars

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Not applicable.

# 7. Date of compilation/last revision

25 March 2014